

MOXIFLOXACIN

mox-ee-flox-ah-sin

What does it do?

Moxifloxacin is an antibiotic used to treat bacterial infections.

Before you start

- Tell your doctor if you have kidney problems, G6PD deficiency, or if you have ever had a seizure or an aneurysm.
- Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or breastfeeding.
- Your doctor may do a heart test (ECG) before you start and while you are taking *moxifloxacin*.

How should you take it?

Take *moxifloxacin* regularly as directed with a glass of water. You can take it with or without food. Keep taking it until the course is finished, even when you start to feel better.

What if you forget a dose?

Take the missed dose as soon as possible and continue as directed.

Can you take other medicines?

Some medicines available without a prescription may react with *moxifloxacin* including:

- products containing aluminium, iron, magnesium or zinc, such as antacids (e.g. Mylanta®) or multivitamins

Tell your pharmacist or doctor about all medicines or treatments that you may be taking, including vitamins, herbal products or recreational drugs.

What side effects might you notice?

| Side Effects | Recommended action |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Pain or swelling in tendons or joints Sharp, sudden pain in your tummy, chest or back Fainting Seizures | Tell your doctor immediately |
| Confusion, agitation, unusual behaviour or thinking Numbness or tingling of the fingers or toes Changes in vision Severe or persistent diarrhoea, abdominal pain Skin rash | Tell your doctor |
| Headache, dizziness Stomach upset | Tell your doctor if troublesome |

If you notice any other effects, discuss them with your doctor or pharmacist.

Other information:

- Protect yourself from too much sunlight while being treated with *moxifloxacin*. Always cover up and apply a thick layer of broad spectrum sunscreen (at least SPF 30) when outside. Do not use sunbeds.
- *Moxifloxacin* can impair your ability to do tasks such as driving or using machines. Alcohol makes this worse. Discuss your risk with your health professional. (search NZTA - Are you safe to drive?)