

LABETALOL

la-bet-ah-lol

What does it do?

Labetalol is used to treat some heart problems and high blood pressure. It is also sometimes used for other conditions.

Before you start

- Tell your doctor if you have liver or circulation problems, asthma or diabetes.
- Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or breastfeeding.

How should you take it?

Take labetalol regularly as directed with a glass of water.

What if you forget a dose?

Take the missed dose as soon as possible. If it is close to the time for your next dose, skip the missed dose and carry on as normal. Do not take two doses at the same time.

Can you take other medicines?

Some medicines available without a prescription may react with labetalol including:

anti-inflammatories, such as dictofenac (e.g. Voltaren®), ibuprofen (e.g. Nurofen®), or aspirin (e.g. Disprin®, in doses used for pain relief). These can also be found in some cold and flu medicines (e.g. Nurofen Cold and Flu®).

Tell your pharmacist or doctor about <u>all medicines or treatments</u> that you may be taking, including vitamins, herbal products or recreational drugs.

What side effects might you notice?

| Side Effects | Recommended action |
|---|--|
| Symptoms of liver problems including: yellow skin or eyes, itching, darkurine, pale bowel motions, abdominal pain | Tell your doctor immediately |
| Fainting, lightheaded Swollen feet or legs, short of breath Low mood | Tell your doctor |
| Tiredness or weakness Trouble sleeping, strange dreams Cold hands and feet, tingling or numbness Runny or blocked nose Changes in sexual function Stomach upset | Tell your doctor if troublesome |
| Lightheaded or dizzy after standing up | Stand up slowly. If it continues, or is severe, tell your doctor |

If you notice any other effects, discuss them with your doctor or pharmacist.

Other information:

Do not stop taking labetalol without talking to your doctor first.