

PREGABALIN

pree-gab-ah-lin

What does it do?

Pregabalin is used to treat and prevent some types of pain and seizures.

How should you take it?

Take *pregabalin* regularly as directed with a glass of water.

What if you forget a dose?

Take the missed dose as soon as possible and continue as directed.

Can you take other medicines?

Some medicines available without a prescription may react with *pregabalin* including:

- anti-nausea medicines (e.g. prochlorperazine, hyoscine (e.g. Scopoderm TTS®), metoclozine (e.g. Sea-legs®))
- some antihistamines (may be in anti-allergy, anti-nausea and cough/cold medicines)

Tell your pharmacist or doctor about all medicines or treatments that you may be taking, including vitamins, herbal products (e.g. ginkgo) or recreational drugs (e.g. ecstasy).

What side effects might you notice?

Side Effects	Recommended action
Skin rash, skin peeling or blisters	Stop taking and see your doctor immediately
Suicidal thoughts Swollen lips, tongue, throat or face	Tell your doctor immediately
Changes in vision Confusion, loss of co-ordination/walking or handwriting problems, memory loss, mood changes, tremor, trouble concentrating	Tell your doctor
Dizziness, drowsiness, headache Tiredness or weakness, muscle aches and pains Swollen feet or legs Change of appetite, weight gain, dry mouth Impotence	Tell your doctor if troublesome
Stomach upset	Take with food

If you notice any other effects, discuss them with your doctor or pharmacist.

Other information:

- Tell your doctor if you have kidney problems.
- Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or breastfeeding.
- *Pregabalin* can impair your ability to do tasks such as driving or using machines. Alcohol makes this worse. Discuss your risk with your health professional. (search NZTA - Are you safe to drive?)
- Do not stop taking *pregabalin* without talking to your doctor first, unless you have a skin rash (see Side Effects).