

## NORFLOXACIN

*nor-flox-ah-sin*

### What does it do?

*Norfloracin* is an antibiotic used to treat bacterial infections.

### Before you start

- Tell your doctor if you have kidney problems, G6PD deficiency, or if you have ever had a seizure or an aneurysm.
- Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or breastfeeding.
- Your doctor may do a heart test (ECG) before you start and while you are taking *norfloracin*.

### How should you take it?

Take *norfloracin* regularly as directed with a glass of water. You can take it with or without food, but not with milk or yoghurt. Taking it with milk or yoghurt may stop *norfloracin* from working.

Keep taking it until the course is finished, even when you start to feel better.

### What if you forget a dose?

Take the missed dose as soon as possible and continue as directed.

### Can you take other medicines?

Some medicines available without a prescription may react with *norfloracin* including:

- products containing aluminium, calcium, iron, magnesium or zinc, such as antacids (e.g. Mylanta®) or multivitamins

Tell your pharmacist or doctor about all medicines or treatments that you may be taking, including vitamins, herbal products or recreational drugs.

### What side effects might you notice?

Side Effects	Recommended action
Pain or swelling in tendons or joints Sharp, sudden pain in your tummy, chest or back Fainting Seizures	Tell your doctor immediately
Confusion, agitation, unusual behaviour or thinking Numbness or tingling of the fingers or toes Changes in vision Severe or persistent diarrhoea, abdominal pain Skin rash	Tell your doctor
Headache, dizziness Stomach upset	Tell your doctor if troublesome

If you notice any other effects, discuss them with your doctor or pharmacist.

### Other information:

- Protect yourself from too much sunlight while being treated with *norfloracin*. Always cover up and apply a thick layer of broad spectrum sunscreen (at least SPF 30) when outside. Do not use sunbeds.
- *Norfloracin* can impair your ability to do tasks such as driving or using machines. Alcohol makes this worse. Discuss your risk with your health professional. (search NZTA - Are you safe to drive?)

***This leaflet contains important, but not all, information about this medicine.***

*Prepared by the MyMedicines Committee at Christchurch Hospital, Te Whatu Ora - Waitaha, New Zealand. March 2023*